THE DAILY PROGRESS.

VOL. V. RALEIGH, TUESDAY, JUNE 14, 1864. NO. 184.

BY J. L. PENNINGTON & CO.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The following are the only terms of subscription to THE PROGRESS:

Daily paper, 1 month.....$3 00
" 3 months.....8 00
" 6 months.....5 00
Weekly paper, 3 months.....1 00
" 6 months.....2 00
" 12 months.....3 00

Always to be paid in advance, and paper stopped when the time paid for expires.

JOB PRINTING.

There being connected with the PROGRESS establishment a Job Office equal to any in the City or State, we are prepared to execute all orders for BOOK and JOB PRINTING. Orders solicited and promptly attended to.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[TELEGRAPHIC REPORTS FOR THE PRESS ASSOCIATION.]

Entered according to act of Congress, in the year 1861, by J. S. Thrasher, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the Confederate States of the Northern District of Georgia.

From Richmond.

RICHMOND, June 13.—Official dispatches from Gen. S. D. Lee say that the battle of Fisherman's Creek was one of the most signal victories of the war. Besides the wagons twelve pieces of artillery were captured and the rout of the enemy was complete. Forrest was in close and vigorous pursuit.

From Georgia.

ATLANTA, June 13.—Position of affairs in front are unchanged and have been for two days, with the exception of occasional slight skirmishing and firing on working parties. Rumors of a projected raid on Atlanta via Rossville, reached here Saturday, and ample preparations were made to receive it. No signs of their appearance at present.

The weather is cool and has been very wet for the past two days.

[SECOND DESPATCH.]

ATLANTA, June 13.—Advices from the front are that recent rains have made the roads almost impassable, suspending all movements of both armies. Neither has fired a gun for two days.

Yankee trains are running to Acworth to-day. Indications of a new flank movement on the part of the Yankees have transpired to-day. Our lines are strong and the troops entirely recovered from recent fatigues.

Congressional.

RICHMOND, June 13.—The most important action in either House of Congress to day was the passage of the bill amending the tax laws, reported from the Committee of Conference. Among the provisions of the bill as passed are the following:

Land purchased and occupied by refugees to be assessed at the market value of 1860. The property and assets of corporations and individuals to be taxed the same as the property and assets of individuals, the taxes to be paid by the company. Property exempt from State taxes to be paid by depositors. The agent of corporations and associations and all property within the enemy's lines are exempted from taxation. A tax of five per cent. on receipts of specie, bills of exchange, &c., is to be paid with specie or its equivalent in Treasury notes. An additional tax of thirty per cent. is levied upon the profits of trade of retailers mentioned in the first two paragraphs of the fourth section of the tax act, from February 17th. After July 1st all five dollar notes are to be taxed one hundred per cent. until the 1st of January.

In secret session on Friday night Congress adopted a manifesto declaring this nation is more solemnly dedicated than peace. The cares of statesmen with which it has pleased the Almighty to train our arms since the opening of this present campaign number us to profess this desire in the interest of civilization and humanity against danger of having our motives misinterpreted. The world must also see that we can never be conquered, and will not our adversaries begin to see that humanity has bled long enough and desist from longer perseverance in this wanton and hopeless contest. The war on our side has been strictly defensive. We do not wish to interfere with the peace and prosperity of the States arrayed against us. All we ask is the undisturbed enjoyment of rights which our common ancestors declared the equal heritage of all parties. If our adversaries are deaf to the voice of reason and justice and shall determine upon an indefinite prolongation of the contest, upon them will be the responsibility of a decision so injurious to the interests of mankind. We have no fear as to the result.

From the Trans-Mississippi.

CLINTON, La., June 12.—The remains of Banks' army are on the West side of the river, near Port Hudson.—Constant skirmishing is going on between them and our forces in the rear. Point Coupee Parish, by order of the Yankee commander, has been depopulated. Houses, crops and everything are burnt, and the people have to beg provisions from the enemy or starve. One lady (Mrs. Collett) has been killed by the enemy. The Yankees are demoralized and are deserting in large numbers, selling their horses and equipments for whatever they can get. Three thousand troops have come up from New Orleans to reinforce the enemy, who are constantly dreading an attack.

From Lee's Army.

ABBY HOUSE, VA., June 13.—Grant has again changed his base. He began moving to our right last night about dusk and began crossing at Long Bridge, about 20 miles below Richmond, on the Chickahominy, this morning.

Our cavalry fought the enemy's advance near Riddle's Shop, about fifteen miles below here this morning. Our men, owing to superior numbers of the enemy, were compelled to give back. The enemy are landing supplies and reinforcements just below Malvern Hill. No general engagement to-day. About one hundred and fifty prisoners were captured to-day in the enemy's abandoned fortifications and brought in.

From Richmond.

RICHMOND, June 13.—Telegraphic communication with Lynchburg is unbroken.

Nothing additional from Sheridan. Heavy firing was heard in the direction of Bottom's bridge this morning.

DAILY AND WEEKLY PROGRESS.

OUR ONLY TERMS.

The following are the only terms for the *Daily and Weekly Progress* for the present. If the cost of labor and material continues to advance we shall make advances:

Daily paper, six months.....$15.00
" " Three months.....8.00
" " One month.....3.00
Weekly paper, three months.....3.00
" " six months.....5.00

Any person sending us a club of ten or more, at one time from the same office, to the Weekly, shall have one copy gratis. No deduction for clubs to the Daily.

Our already large and rapidly increasing circulation renders the *Progress* the best advertising medium in the State. Advertisements are inserted in the Daily at the rate of $3 a square, of 8 lines, or 10 words, for every insertion, and in the Weekly for the same. Cash should accompany all orders.

☞ Any of our friends receiving important news from the army by private letter or telegrams, will confer a great favor on us by sending or leaving them at this office for our use.

Daily Prayer Meeting.—THE CAUSE AND THE CRISIS DEMAND IT.—A Prayer Meeting will be held at the Methodist Church in this city, daily, at 5 o'clock, P. M. All Christians and the public are respectfully invited. Come promptly. Don't wait for the bell—no bell will be rung.

May 6-tf

Commencement at Trinity College.

CONCORD, June 11th, 1864.

DEAR PROGRESS:—I had the pleasure of attending the Commencement at Trinity College on last Thursday, the 9th inst. The occasion was a very interesting and edifying one. The young orators acquitted themselves with a great deal of credit, reflecting no less credit upon the President and Professors of the excellent institution.

The large and very fine Band of the 66th N. C. Regiment were present and added much to the entertainment of the large assemblage of ladies and gentlemen by the delightful music which they discoursed alternately through the day, and to a late hour of the night.

The following is the programme of the exercises:

Music.
Prayer.
Music.

J. H. Patterson, Warren, Va. Subject: Speculators.

H. J. Douthit, Clemmonsville, N. C. Subject: Our Duty.

Music.

W. A. Webster, Madison, N. C. Subject: Croakers.

J. W. Townsend, Trinity, N. C. Subject: Fancy.

Music.

J. A. Gamble, Florence, S. C. Subject: The People.

A. J. Tomlinson, Bush Hill, N. C. Subject: Little by Little.

Music.

J. P. Reese, Gibsonville, N. C. Subject. The Past, its Glory; the Future, its Prospects.

E. S. Flood, Henry co., Va. Subject: My own, my Native Land.

Music.

J. R. Jerrigan, Harrellsville, N. C. Subject: The Age, its Characteristics.

S. F. Tomlinson, Bush Hill, N. C. Subject: The Progress of Mankind.

Music.

Graduating Exercises.

Music.

Literary Address, by Rev. Dr. Craven. Subject: The Best Course to be Pursued in Order to Avert National Calamities in the Future.

Music.

Benediction.

At night the fine array of beauty and unsurpassed display of gallantry, in the commodious chapel, reminded one forcibly of the better days of peace.

Yours, SINCERELY.

Hon. W. A. Graham.

The progress of this revolution has developed no nobler Roman than the gentleman whose name heads this article. Modest and unassuming but ever firm and decided, he is never silent when the rights and liberties of the citizen are in danger.

We quote the following from the Senate proceedings of Wednesday last:

Mr. Watson, of Miss., introduced a bill to amend the act to establish military courts. Referred to the Military Committee.

Mr. Graham, of N. C., presented the resolutions of the Legislature of North Carolina relative to the writ of habeas corpus, conscription and commercial regulations, which were read, laid upon the table and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Graham said that, concurring as he did in the opinion expressed by the General Assembly on the important topics embraced in these resolutions, he had anticipated their desire, as contained in the resolution first read. At an early day of the session he had introduced a bill, which passed this body, to relieve the States from the stringent regulations of the Treasury Department in regard to importations made by them, and which in his own State had operated so beneficially to her soldiers in the field, and the support of the armies of the Confederate States.

He had also taken occasion to express in this body his objections to the act denominated an act to suspend the privileges of the writ of habeas corpus, which, in fact, far transcends the object designated in its title. He concurred, likewise, in the opinion of the Legislature as to the act declaring all males between the ages of seventeen and eighteen, and forty-five and fifty years, to be in the military service during the war. In the few days which remained of the present session, he deemed it useless to bring forward any measure on the subject, but believed it would require the serious revision of Congress. He thought the drain of men and boys required by this act, from their industrial pursuits, the care of families and educational improvement, would not be compensated for by any service they could render in the field. He moved that the resolutions be laid on the table and printed, which was agreed to.

ANOTHER CHAMPION FOR FREEDOM.—A recent debate has taken place in the Confederate Senate which shows that the cause of Freedom has an able supporter in the person of Hon. James L. Orr, of South Carolina. In a speech he gave it as his opinion that there was no power whatever in the executive to authorize the military commandants to enforce military law anywhere in the Confederate States outside of the camps and military posts. Of course, this at once caused a general howl of dissent among the supporters of a monarchical government. Col. Orr, however, is one of those kind of men who truckles to nobody, and is not to be intimidated by the supple tools of designing intriguers—no matter in what numbers they may array themselves against him. The friends of civil liberty have good cause to be thankful that so able a champion has enrolled himself among their list of defenders.—*Chron. and Sentinel.*

☞ **Business Notice.**—The expenses attending the publication of the PROGRESS are enormous and have to be paid promptly and we must do a cash business or none at all. We must demand cash from all save those business men of the city who have accounts with the office, and parties at a distance are expected to remit promptly when bills are sent. We have no time to collect bills and don't want to make any charges. There never was a better time to pay debts than the present, and all who owe us are requested and expected to pay at once.

☞ **How to Send us Money.**—Never send by mail when you can send by Express. All money sent by express at our expense. Those sending us money by mail must do so at their own risk.

NOTICE.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, RALEIGH, June 10, 1864.

THE CITIZENS OF RALEIGH ARE RESPECTfully requested to meet at the Court House on Monday night at 8 o'clock. The attendance of all citizens is earnestly desired.

June 11-3t WM. H. HARRISON, Mayor.

WANTED.

A GOOD COOK AND WASHER FOR THE BALance of the year, for whom good wages will be given. Apply at

May 3-tf PROGRESS OFFICE.

Wake County—The Sheriffalty.

We are authorized and requested to announce W. H. HIGH, Esq., as a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff, at the election in August.

June 13-4tdd&w

Chatham County.

MR. PENNINGTON:—Please announce my name as a candidate for representative of Chatham in the next General Assembly of the State in the Senate.

Very respectfully,
THOS. B. LONG.

June 11-4tdawtd

To the Voters of Jones County.

FELLOW CITIZENS AND SOLDIERS:—Through the request of many friends in and out of the army, I announce myself a candidate for the office of Sheriff of your county. If elected I will discharge the duties of the office promptly, justly and impartially, and I hope, with that integrity which has characterized me as a soldier.

I am, respectfully,
Your friend and obd't serv't,
LAFAYETTE DILLAHUNT,
Co. K, 63d Reg't N. C. T.

May 30-d&wtd

Randolph and Alamance.

The true Conservatives of Alamance and Randolph counties are requested to meet in convention on the first Saturday in June, at Liberty, Randolph county, instead of the third Saturday in May, to put in nomination a candidate for the Senate, who will support for Governor Mr. Holden, endorsing the great principles of Gov. Brown and Vice President Stephens of Georgia.

May 16-4d

To the People of North-Carolina.

IN compliance with the wishes of many friends, I announce myself a candidate for the office of Governor of North-Carolina, at the election to be held on the first Thursday in August next.

My principles and views, as a Conservative "after the straitest sect," are well known to the people of the State. These principles and views are what they have been.—They will not be changed.

I am not disposed, at a time like this, to invite the people from their employments, and add to the excitement which prevails in the public mind, by haranguing them for their votes. We need all our energies to meet the common enemy, and to provide means of subsistence for our troops in the field and the people at home. Let the people go calmly and firmly to the polls and vote for the men of their choice. I will cheerfully abide their decision, whatever it may be.

If elected I will do every thing in my power to promote the interests, the honor and the glory of North-Carolina, and to secure an honorable peace.

March 4-tf W. W. HOLDEN.

Hillsboro' Recorder, Salem Press, Greensborough Patriot, and Henderson Times will please copy till day of election, and forward accounts.

To the Voters of Old Lenoir.

FELLOW CITIZENS AND BROTHER SOLDIERS:—Through the request of many friends in and out of the army I take this method of announcing myself as a candidate for the Sheriffalty of your county. If I should be so fortunate as to be your choice on the first Thursday in August next I assure you that all business in my hands shall be attended to promptly, justly and impartially, should I be so fortunate as to escape the hands of death during the coming campaign. I am truly in hopes to hear of a nice majority in favor of your obedient servant on the first Thursday in August next.

I am, very respectfully,
Your son and brother
Of Old Lenoir County,
R. B. VAUSE,
May 12-d&wtd 2d Lt. Co. A, 46th Reg't N. C. T.

Johnston County.

We are authorized and requested to announce the following gentlemen as the Conservative candidates to represent the county of Johnston in the next General Assembly:

For the Senate—THOS. D. SNEAD, Esq. For the Commons—W. G. BANKS and W. A SMITH.

This ticket was selected by the Reserves from Johnston, in camp at Goldsboro', and by a mass meeting of the citizens remaining at home, held at Smithfield on the 28th of May. These gentlemen will be supported by all true Conservatives. They endorse the platform of Vice President Stephens, Gov. Brown and W. W. Holden, and if elected will do all they can to procure an early and honorable peace.

June 2-dwtd

Standard, Conservative, Confederate, and Christian Advocate are requested to copy till day of election and send bills to this office.

For Sheriff of Chatham.

We are authorized and requested to announce W. G. ALBRIGHT as a candidate for the Sheriffalty of Chatham county at the election in August next.

May 17-wtd

We are authorized to announce THOMAS J. WHITAKER a candidate for re-election to the Sheriffalty of Jones County.

June 2-d&wtd

We are authorized to announce Lieut. E. H. RAY, of the 47th N. C. Regiment, for the office of Sheriff of Wake County, at the ensuing election in August next.

April 21-d6twtd.

Granville County.

C. H. K. TAYLOR for the Senate, Col. JAS. S. AMIS, MARK LANIER and Dr. P. W. YOUNG for the Commons. The above ticket is recommended to the voters of Granville to represent us in the next General Assembly,

BY MANY CITIZENS.

June 3-d1tw4t

We are authorized to announce R. M. WELBORN as a candidate to represent the county of Wilkes in the House of Commons at the ensuing election.

June 3-d&wtd

To the Voters of Wayne County.

In response to the solicitations of numerous friends I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Sheriff. If elected I shall endeavor to discharge the duties of the office faithfully.

DAVID McKINNIE.

June 4-6t

WANTED,

A FEMALE TEACHER TO LIVE IN A FAMILY in the country, one who can teach music and embroidery. Any one applying can give reference and state terms. Address Box No. 61, Greensboro', N. C.

May 30 d1m

NURSE WANTED.

A GOOD SERVANT IS WANTED TO ACT AS Child's Nurse, for which a good price will be paid. Apply immediately at PROGRESS OFFICE.

April 7-tf

ATTENTION!

BLANK WARRANTS, LAND DEEDS, MARRIAGE Licenses, County and Superior Court Writs and other Blanks for sale at the Standard Office.

—ALSO—

Job Printing promptly, neatly and accurately executed.

March 18-d&wtf

LOST.

ON SUNDAY EVENING, ABOUT THE PROGRESS Office, or between the Office and the residence of the Editor, a small pocket knife, four blades and nearly new. A liberal reward will be paid for its delivery at PROGRESS OFFICE.

May 3-tf

TO RENT,

A HOUSE IN MOUNT PLEASANT, CABARRUS county, N. C., 9 miles Southeast from Concord and on the N. C. Railroad, containing 8 rooms 30x30 and 2 rooms 20x30 feet; a good fire-place to each room. Double brick Kitchen and other out-buildings.

For further particulars apply to MATHIAS BARRIER in Mount Pleasant, or to ALFRED SMITH, Whiteville, N. C.

Feb. 13-tf.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE UNDERSIGNED will attend at the Superior Court Clerk's Office in the Court House on Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays of each week to settle off claims against the county.

JNO. F. HUTCHINS, Trustee.

June 11-1w

Standard and city daily papers copy one week.

AUCTION AND PRIVATE SALES.

SALE OF FURNITURE AT EDGEWORTH FEMALE SEMINARY, GREENSBORO, N. C.

WE WILL SELL AT AUCTION, COMMENCING on Tuesday June 28th, all the School Fixtures, Household and Kitchen Furniture of Edgeworth Female Seminary, consisting in part of NINE PIANOS, [some of them choice instruments,] Harp, Melodeon, Guitars, Feather Beds, Mattresses, Bedsteads, Bedding, Tables, Table Furniture, Chairs, Cooking and other Stoves. Also, Horses, Cows, Young Cattle, Wagons, Small Carriage and Harness. We have an extensive Philosophical and Chemical Apparatus, some School Books, Sheet Music, Instruction Books for Piano and Guitar, Geographical, Geological and Astronomical Maps and Charts, Oil Paints, Canvas, Brushes, &c.

All the above articles will be offered on the day specified unless disposed of before. This is a rare opportunity for persons to replenish their furniture. Our stock is very large in many articles. Another such will not probably be offered for sale during the war.

June 13-d1w MORSHEAD & STERLING.

IMPORTANT SALE OF SHEET IRON AT AUCTION!!!

ON THURSDAY THE 23D JUNE ENSUING, IN front of our sales room we will sell 100 sheets extra quality Sorgham Pan Iron, 30 inches wide, 4½ to 9 feet long, about 3-16 inch thick. This Iron was advertised to be sold at Warrenton, N. C., some time since, but owing to an interruption in transportation it did not arrive in time.

In addition to the above we have some 50 sheets, same quality, that we will sell privately. This is doubtless the only lot of the kind of Iron at this time in the Confederacy.

June 10-tf ORRECH & LITCHFORD, Auctioneers.

FRENCH BROAD LANDS FOR SALE.

GLEN CANNON FARM, TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY, N. C.

THIS FARM LIES ON THE FRENCH BROAD River, within five miles of Brevard, the county town, and is extensively known as the best tract of land, and by in Western North Carolina. In salubrity of climate, beauty of scenery, location and fertility of soil, it is unsurpassed by any property in the State. It consists of 1,370 acres of land, 400 of which are first quality French Broad bottom, all of which, with the exception of 40 or 50 acres, are cleared and under a high state of cultivation, thoroughly drained and excellent fences, most of which are new lath fencing on locust posts. 2,875 bushels of corn were gathered from 28 acres of this land with ordinary cultivation and without any fertiliser ever having been applied to it. Ninety acres are laid down in the most approved mode, to the grasses and afford heavy crops of hay and excellent pastures. The balance of the tract, say 970 acres, is the heaviest and best timbered mountain land.

The whole tract is under one boundary and may be subdivided advantageously, there being four very eligible and beautiful building sites, with bottom land attached.

On the premises is a good cottage residence, of five rooms, each with a fire place, kitchen, servant houses, ice house, storeroom, diary, smokehouse, framed corn crib, capacity, 3,500 bushels ear corn, one double and five single negro houses, two tenant settlements, an excellent saw and grist mill, all built within thirteen years by the proprietor. The saw mill is driven by an overshot wheel of 28 feet in diameter, and is located at one of the most beautiful water falls of about 100 feet in height and equal to 150 horse power, and only fifteen minutes walk from the residence.

This property for this year is under rent to Gen. Smith, of East Tennessee, who will give any information desired during the absence of the proprietor.

The price for these lands is ($160,000) one hundred and sixty thousand dollars. Payment may be made in Confederate stock at the market value at Columbia, S. C., at time of sale.

With the above property can be purchased twelve remarkably prime and orderly negroes, being a picked gang accustomed to the culture of the farm in the most careful and cleanly style. Among them are four men, three women and five children. The men are excellent plowmen, mowers, cradlers, &c., one is a good carpenter. Of the women, one is an excellent cook and spinner. The children are from 1 to 6 years of age. Also the farm tools, consisting in part of plows, harrows, horse rake, field roller, corn planters, sorgho mill, molasses boilers, corn sheller, straw cutters, timber carts, &c., &c. Also the stock of highly improved cattle.

Address McK. JOHNSTONE,
Care of ANDREW JOHNSTONE,
Flat Rock, N. C.

N. B.—I think I can take the liberty with Judge R. M. Saunders and the Right Rev. Bishop Atkinson, of offering them as references in regard to the value, &c., of my farm.

My cattle consists of 15 head, and my sheep of about 80 head.

I have a considerable lot of lumber and 30,000 shingles on hand.

I will take $200,000 for the land, negroes stock, farm tools, lumber, &c., &., or will sell separately.

April 26-d&wtf

SHEET IRON!

SHEET IRON 3-16 INCHES THICK FROM 25 TO 30 inches wide, from 6 to 9 feet long, suitable for Sorghum Boilers, for sale at

SHAY, WILLIAMSON & CO'S.,
North State Iron & Brass Works, Raleigh.

June 10-7t*

$500 REWARD.

RUNAWAY FROM THE SUBSCRIBER, ON THE night of the 1st instant, THREE NEGRO BOYS, the eldest, JIM, is 23 years of age, five feet eight or ten inches high, of a copper color, a bold, impudent, swaggering air; had on when he left a black wool hat, dark copperas-colored cotton pants, old dark plaid cassimere coat, new shirt and a pair of boots.

TOM, sixteen years of age, light copper color, five feet five or six inches high, sharp featured, quite intelligent, and having been with the army, has something of a military air in his address; had on when he left, a black sloueh hat, gray roundabout, white woolen pants well worn, new shirt and was either bare-footed or had on a very inferior pair of shoes.

Albert, eighteen years of age, ebony color, stout built, five feet four or five inches high, had on when he left, an old black slouch hat, new shirt, blue navy cloth pants well worn, barefooted, and rather of a sullen look.

These negroes were purchased a few weeks since in Augusta, Ga. Jim and Tom having been connected with the army, are evidently endeavoring to either make their way to the army of Virginia, or to get within the Yankee lines. Five hundred dollars reward will be given for their delivery in Shelby, Cleveland county, N. C., or one hundred dollars a head for their capture and confinement in any jail where I may get them.

C. P. CULVER.

Shelby, N. C., June 3, 1864-d6tw1t

Raleigh papers please insert one week and send bill.

Quartermaster's Office, C. S. A.,

RALEIGH, N. C., June 1st 1864.

STRAW IS URGENTLY REQUIRED TO MAKE bedding for the wounded soldiers at the Hospitals of this post.

I appeal to all who have any on hand to bring it in immediately.

They will not only perform a patriotic duty in alleviating the sufferings of our wounded veterans, but can secure ample compensation.

June 2-d1t W. E. PEIRCE, Capt. & A. Q. M.

CANE MILLS! CANE MILLS!!

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO RECEIVE ORders for Cane Mills, vertical or horizontal, single or double geared. Persons in want would do well to apply at once, as the demand is pressing, at the North State Iron and Brass Works.

SHAY, WILLIAMSON & CO.

Raleigh, June 4-6t

SURGERY FOR FIELD AND HOSPITAL.

I AM NOW PREPARED TO SUPPLY MY WORK on Surgery to subscribers and others who may wish to purchase it.

On the receipt of $5.00, the book will be sent by mail postage paid.

EDWARD WARREN, M. D.,
Aug 21-tf Raleigh, N. C.

ADVERTISING LETTER.

The following rates will be charged for all advertisements inserted in the DAILY and WEEKLY Paconias:

ONE SQUARE OF EIGHT LINES, OR LESS.

One day	$2	One week	$10 00
Two days	3	Two weeks	16 00
Three days	4	Three weeks	20 00
Four days	5	One month	24 00
Five days	6	Two months	40 00
Fifty words, or eight lines or less count a square, and additional squares will be charged the same. A quarter charged $4 a square for every insertion.		Three months	60 00
		Four months	72 00
		Six months	100 00
		Twelve months	144 00

Four weeks, one square, one time, $10 00

Two squares will be charged double the above rates.

Obituaries inserted same, twice or three times a week will be charged $4 a square for every insertion.

When sent by negroes, the money must accompany the advertisement. Marriages, deaths, religious and other notices charged as advertisements and must be paid in advance.

PROGRESS ALMANAC FOR 1864.

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MILITARY DIRECTORY.

Field Officers, Brigades, Divisions and Corps of North Carolina Regiments:

No.	Colonels.	Lieut. Colonels.	Majors.
1	H A Brown,	J N Harrell,	L C Latham,
2	W R Cox,	W S Stallings,	D W Hurtt,
3	S D Thruston,	W M Parsley,	W T Ennett,
4	Bryan Grimes,	J H Wood,	E A Osborne,
5		J W Lea,	W J Hill,
6	R F Webb,	S McD Tate,	
7	E G Haywood,	W L Davidson,	
8	J M Whitson,		J McL Turner,
9	W H Cheek,	R Barringer,	R A Barrier,
10	S D Pool,	H T Guion,	W H H Cowles,
11			{ T Sparrow,
12	H E Coleman,	W J Martin,	{ Jas Reilly,
13	J H Hyman,	W S Davis,	F W Bird,
14	R T Bennett,	H A Rogers,	R W Alston,
15	Wm MacRae,	W A Johnston,	E B Withers,
16	W A Stowe,	W H Yarborough,	J H Lambeth,
17	W F Martin,		G W Hammond,
18	J D Barry,		T H Sharpe,
19	C M Andrews,	J W McGill,	T J Wooten,
20	T F Toon,	W G Robinson,	W P Roberts,
21			
22	T S Galloway,	W S Rankin,	W J Pfohl,
23			
24	W J Clarke,		C C Blacknall,
25	H M Rutledge,	J L Harris,	T D Love,
26	J R Lane,	S C Bryson,	W S Grady,
27	J A Gilmer, jr.,		J T Adams,
28	S D Lowe,	G F Whitfield,	J C Webb,
29	W B Creasman,	W H A Speer,	S N Stowe,
30	F M Parker,	B S Prescott,	
31	J V Jordan,		
32		C W Knight,	J A D McKay,
33	C M Avery,	D G Coward,	H G Lewis,
34	W L J Lowrance,	R V Cowan,	J H Saunders,
35	J G Jones,	G T Gordon,	F L Twitty,
36	Wm Lamb,	J T Johnston,	S B Taylor,
37	W M Barbour,	J D Taylor,	J M Stevenson,
38	W J Hoke,	W G Morris,	J L Bost,
39	David Coleman,	John Ashford,	G W Flowers,
40	J J Hedrick,	F A Reynolds,	
41	J A Baker,	Geo Tait,	W A Holland,
42	J E Brown,	A M Waddell,	R Moore,
43	T S Kenan,	C W Bradshaw,	T J Brown,
44	T C Singletary,	W G Lewis,	W J Boggan,
45		T L Hargrove,	
46	W L Saunders,	J R Winston,	T McG Smith,
47	G H Faribault,	A C McAllister,	N McNeill,
48	S H Walkup,		A D Crudup,
49	L M McAfee,	A A Hill,	W H Jones,
50	Geo. Wortham,	J A Fleming,	J T Davis,
51	H McKethan,	J C Vanhook,	
52		C B Robson,	J R McDonald,
53	W A Owens,	M A Parks,	Eric Kraon
54	K R Murchison,	J T Morehead,	
55	J K Connally,	A Ellis,	J A Rogers,
56	P F Faison,	A H Belo,	
57	A C Godwin,	G G Lake,	J W Graham
58	J B Palmer,	H C Jones,	J A Craige,
59	D B Forebee,		T J Dula,
60	W M Hardy,	Ed Cantwell,	J M Mayo,
61	J D Radcliffe,	J T Weaver,	J T Huff,
62		W S Devane,	H Harding,
63		G W Clayton,	
64			
65	G N Folk,	W N Garrett,	T T Jones,
66		A H Baird,	J J Spann,
67	J N Whitford,	J H Nethercutt,	C G Wright,
68	J W Hinton,	R W Wharton,	E Whitford.
		E C Yellowley,	

The First Battalion (Heavy Artillery) is commanded by Maj Alexander McRae; The First Battalion Sharp Shooters by Capt R E Wilson; The Second Battalion (Infantry) by Major James J Iredell, 53d Regiment; The Third Battalion (Light Artillery) by Maj John W Moore; The Tenth Battalion by Maj W L Young; The Twelfth Battalion by Capt J O Cherry; The Thirteenth Battalion (Light Artillery) by Lieut Col Joseph B Starr; The Fourteenth Battalion (Cavalry) by Lieut Col J L Henry; The Fifteenth Battalion (Cavalry) by Lieut Col J M Wynn; The Sixteenth Battalion (Cavalry) by Maj J C McRae; Thomas' Legion consists of a Regiment and a Battalion, and is commanded by Col W H Thomas.

The 1st and 3d Regiments are in Stewart's Brigade, Johnson's Division, Ewell's Corps.

The 2d, 44th, 14th and 30th are in Ramseur's Brigade, Rodes' Division, Ewell's Corps.

The 5th, 13th, 20th and 23d are in Johnston's Brigade, Rodes' Division, Ewell's Corps.

The 6th, 21st, 54th and 57th and 1st Battalion Sharp Shooters are in Hoke's Brigade, Whiting's Division, Beauregard's Corps. The 43d Regiment is temporarily with this Brigade.

The 7th, 18th, 28th, 33d and 37th are in Lane's Brigade, Wilcox's Division, Hill's Corps.

The 8th, 31st, 51st and 61st are in Clingman's Brigade, Pickett's Division, Beauregard's Corps.

The 9th, 10th, 59th and 63d are in Gordon's Brigade, Hampton's Division, Stewart's Corps.

The 11th, 26th, 44th, 47th and 52d are in Kirkland's Brigade, Heth's Division, Hill's Corps.

The 13th, 16th, 22d, 34th and 38th are in Scale's Brigade, Wilcox's Division, Hill's Corps.

The 15th, 27th, 46th and 48th are in Cooke's Brigade, Heth's Division, Hill's Corps.

The 17th, 42d, 50th and 66th are in Martin's Brigade, Whiting's Division, Beauregard's Corps.

The 24th, 25th, 35th, 49th and 56th are in Ransom's Brigade, Pickett's Division, Beauregard's Corps.

The 29th is in Eeton's Brigade, French's Division Polk's Corps.

The 32d, 43d, 45th, 53d and 2d Battalion are in Daniel's Brigade, Rodes' Division, Ewell's Corps.

The 36th and 40th are in Herbert's Brigade, Whiting's Division, Beauregard's Corps.

The 39th is in McNair's Brigade, French's Division, Polk's Corps.

The 55th is in Davis' Brigade, Heth's Division, Hill's Corps.

The 58th and 60th are in Reynold's Brigade, Stevenson's Division.

The 40th, 41st, 62d, 64th, 65th 67th and 68th are not brigaded.

Office A. & N. C. R. R. Co.,

GOLDSBORO', May 30, 1864.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDers of the Atlantic and North Carolina Rail Road Company will be held in the town of Goldsboro', on Thursday, June 30th, 1864.

June 2-d&wtd J. CICERO JUSTICE, Sec'y.

W. E. RICHARDSON & CO.,

STOCK AND EXCHANGE BROKERS.

June 2-tf RALEIGH, N. C

DAILY CONFEDERATE.

TUESDAY, JUNE 14, 1864.

"The right of the people to keep and bear arms, [illegible] shall not be infringed, but laws prohibiting the carrying of concealed weapons may be enacted and enforced. [illegible] and no warrant shall issue but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched and the persons or things to be seized."—Declaration of Rights, Constitution of North Carolina.

"No freeman ought to be taken, imprisoned or in any manner destroyed or deprived of his freehold, liberties or privileges or outlawed or exiled or in any manner destroyed but by the law of the land."—North Carolina Bill of Rights.

REASON FOR SUCH CROSS MARK.

To save our subscribers the trouble of making inquiries by letter, we shall hereafter make a cross mark on the margin of the paper when the time paid for is about to expire, and if not promptly renewed the paper will be stopped. Watch for the cross mark and send on money to renew in time.

Gov. Vance and his Destructive Supporters.

In order to render Vance odious, two years ago, as they hoped, the Destructive organs and leaders, great and small, throughout the State, kept constantly bawling out, "Remember, a vote for Vance is a vote for Holden." This cry was continued during the campaign, but the old ironclad, the *Standard*, always had grape and shrapnel for the small fry, while now and then a hundred pound shell was thrown into the more stubborn of the enemy's forces; and the popularity of Mr. Holden and the irresistible power of Conservative principles hurled back all opposition, and Colonel Vance—"Holden's candidate"—was made Governor Vance; but that the Conservative party and Mr. Holden were deceived and made rather a poor job of it, is made to appear when we reflect that Gov. Vance so conducted himself as to be fully embraced by the Destructives during the first year he was in office.

We have already fully shown, we think, that he has not only gone wholly over to the original secessionists, but that he has fully and entirely embraced all their pristinous doctrines. He is supported by every shade officer and every stall-federate in the State, and every other person who desires the war to continue that they may make money by speculating and oppressing the poor. The owners of cotton factories, woolen factories, government contractors and others who are enriching themselves from the blood wrung from the hearts of the people, are nearly all for Vance. They know that he is for war to the "last man and last dollar" and care not for the cries and moans of starving women and children so they can pile up their accursed gains. Such men are for war and not for peace, and we beg the people not to be deceived.

We call upon the people to remember that a vote for Vance is a vote for W. W. Avery, John C. Cunningham, John A. Murrill, Thomas I. Faison, A. W. Venable, Jas. M. Bullock, Jas. Fulton, Walter L. Steele, W. J. Hawkins, W. W. Peebles, Sam. Love, William Johnston, D. K. McRae, John M. Long, of Cabarrus, J. W. Watson, Asa Biggs, E. A. Thompson, George V. Strong, David Cobb, H. K. Nash, John U. Kirkland, S. W. Graves, John Kerr, Burton Craige, Wm. Lander, A. H. Arrington, (who said to Mr. Davis that a loyal man could not travel in some localities in his district without endangering his life,) Thos. Bragg, (Judge of the Court of Star Chamber,) M. A. Bledsoe, M. A. Lewis, C. H. Colbreth, J. A. Speers, W. F. McKesson, W. K. Lane, Connell Wooten, Henry F. Bond, Dr. W. J. Blow, General Joshua Barnes, A. D. Speight, Sam. J. Person, Robt. Strange, Dr. M. S. Whitaker, T. W. Atkin, W. F. Leak, Jim Morris, Zeke Jones, John Spelman, Wm. Robinson, and others we might name were the list not long enough to convince all true Conservatives that Vance is supported by all the most odious secession and Destructive leaders in the State. If the Governor is a Conservative why do these gentlemen support him? All of them denounced Vance and Holden in the same breath, two years ago, when Vance was thought to be a Conservative. Who then has changed? Mr. Holden and those who support him have not, but Gov. Vance has. Gov. Vance will also receive the support of Col. Peter Mallett, who, we learn from very good authority, boasted but a few days before the passage of the act suspending the writ of *habeas corpus*, that he would soon have a bit in the mouths of our Judges and lawyers, and of course carry everything his own way.

And we call upon all good Conservatives to remember that the election of Vance will not be a victory for them or their party, but it will be claimed as a triumph of those gentlemen whose names we have given and the Destructive party, of which they are the leaders.

Let the Conservative masses ponder these things and vote for a man who has ever been true to their principles—for the champion of civil law and the rights of the citizen, and for one who is known to be the earnest and zealous advocate of an early and an honorable peace—and is W. W. Holden they have such a man.

Casualties in Capt. Manly's Battery.

We have been shown a private letter from a member of the Artillery Company commanded by Capt Manly of this city, from which we get the following: Killed, Lt. Joseph Payne and private L. Lake Lassiter; wounded Lt. S. M. Dunn, slightly; private Henry Crenshaw, dangerously and fallen into the hands of the enemy; corporal W. A. Weddon, slightly; private Hyman Mayo, slightly in leg; John Knight severely in face and arm; private J. S. Atkinson, slightly in face neck and shoulders; Allison Spikes and Corpl. Cummings, slightly

[illegible] commenced the publication were ever ringing the important fact into our ears that a fearful *crisis* was [illegible] and that [illegible] and [illegible] would soon be upon us; and ever since political preachers, pious editors, and others whose persuasive eloquence teaches them that it is their duty to remain at home and urge others to go to the field of carnage, have been busily engaged in trying to impress the world with the fact that there is a powerful *struggle* just ahead! They see nothing in the carnage going on. Men may fall by scores, women and children are left homeless and houseless, and want and famine stalk through the land, and yet the cry is still for blood! Do our people pray, and if they pray do they pray for more blood, or for peace—a peace upon such terms as God Almighty in his wisdom may be pleased to give us? If there be virtue, intelligence and christianity left among the people of the South and the North, in the name of suffering humanity and a bleeding country, let them stop this carnival of blood. Both sides have erred, let both sides repent, and in mutual repentance, concession and compromise we may expect the triumph of reason and a happy issue out of all our troubles. Three years of war has only brought woe and destruction, and no christian man or woman can wish to see it continue a day longer than an equitable settlement can be had; and hence such as are not altogether depraved insist that the sword, having more than fulfilled its mission, should give way to a mightier weapon—the wisdom of the statesman.

We know that fanatics tell us "we must fight it out now." This is a great mistake. Of course we must keep up a vigorous defense and relax none of our preparations for resistance while the enemy continue to oppress us, but if the important offices of the two governments and of the states composing the two sections could be filled by men of exalted moral worth and christian impulses, the war would be closed in less than three months and upon principles that the majority of the whole people and the civilized world would consider honorable. Hence the duty of the people to elevate none but men of lofty integrity and spotless life to office at this time.—The profane swearer, the smutty joker and clownish jester must be set aside, and men whose exemplary conduct make them beacon lights to the masses must alone be called to responsible positions. There are many men who might succeed very well as tavern keepers in obscure villages, who will make but poor Governors and worse Congressmen; and if the people—the sufferers in this desolating war—would bring it to an honorable termination they must hurl such men from place and power and select statesmen to do what the sword cannot.

Fighting will not close this war this year nor the next, and those who desire to live to see peace again smile upon the land should reflect upon this matter when they approach the ballot box in August, and cast their votes for men for Governor and the Legislature, who will exert themselves to stop the effusion of blood and restore the land to prosperity and happiness.

Fremont's Letter of Acceptance—Two Presidential Tickets in the North.

The Cleveland Convention nominated Fremont for President and Cochrane for Vice President, and the Baltimore Convention nominated Lincoln for President and Andy Johnston for Vice President. The Copperheads, or peace party, are to have a Convention at Chicago on the 4th of July, when a third ticket will be brought out, but we have no kind of doubt about the election of Lincoln, for the patronage and corruption of the Yankee government is such that the people cannot resist it. We have nothing to hope in a change of administration at the North. We append Fremont's letter of acceptance:

Gentlemen.—In answer to the letter which I have had the honor to receive from you, on the part of the representatives of the people assembled at Cleveland on the 31st of May, I desire to express my thanks for the confidence which led them to offer me the honorable and difficult position of their candidate in the approaching Presidential contest.

Very honorable, because in offering it to me you act in the name of a great number of citizens who seek above all things the good of their country, and who have no sort of selfish interest in view. Very difficult, because in accepting the candidacy you propose to me I am exposed to the reproach of creating a schism to the party with which I have been identified.

Had Mr. Lincoln remained faithful to the principles he was elected to defend, no schism could have been created and no contest could have been possible. This is not an ordinary election. It is a contest for the right even to have candidates, and not merely, as usual, for the choice among them. Now, for the first time since '76, the question of constitutional liberty has been brought directly before the people for their serious consideration and vote. The ordinary rights secured under the constitution and the laws of the country have been violated, and extraordinary powers have been usurped by the Executive. It is directly before the people now to say, whether or not the principles established by the Revolution are worth maintaining.

If, as we have been taught to believe, those guarantees for liberty which made the distinctive value and glory of our country, are in truth inviolably sacred, then there must be a protest against the arbitrary violation which had not even the excuse of necessity. The schism is made by those who force the choice between a [illegible] In such considerations originated the Cleveland Convention. It was among its objects to arouse the attention of the people to [illegible] and to [illegible] to the end that we may [illegible] with the best blood of the country in the name of liberty, we have really [illegible] with [illegible] home.

To-day we have in the country the abuses of a military dictation, without its unity of action and vigor of execution. An administration marked at home by disregard of constitutional rights, by its violations of personal liberty and the liberty of the press, and as a crowning shame, by its abandonment of the right of asylum, a right especially dear to all free nations abroad. Its course has been reinforcement by a feebleness and waste of principle which has united European powers and driven them to a belief that only commercial interests and personal ends are concerned, and that no great principles are involved in the issue. The admirable conduct of the people, their readiness to make every sacrifice demanded of them, their forbearance and silence under the suspension of everything that could be suspended, their many feats of heroism and sacrifice, were all rendered fruitless by the incapacity, or to speak more exactly, by the personal ends for which the war was managed.

This incapacity and selfishness naturally produced such results as led the European Powers, and logically enough, to the conviction that the North, with its greatly superior population, its immense resources and its credit, will never be able to recover the South.—Sympathies which should have been with us from the outset of the war were turned against us, and in this way the Administration has done the country a double wrong abroad. It created hostility, or at best indifference, among those who would have been its friends, if the real interest of the people could have been better known, while, at the same time, it neglected no occasion for making the most humiliating concessions.

Against this disastrous condition of affairs the Cleveland Convention was a protest.

The principles which form the basis of its platform have my unqualified and cordial approbation; but I cannot so heartily concur in all the measures which you propose. I do not believe that confiscation extended to the property of all rebels is practicable, and if it were so, I do not think it a measure of sound policy. It is, in fact, a question belonging to the people themselves to decide, and is a proper occasion for the exercise of their original and sovereign authority. As a war measure, in the beginning of a revolt which might be quelled by prompt severity, I understand the policy of confiscation, but not as a final measure of reconstruction after the suppression of an insurrection.

In the adjustments which are to follow peace no considerations of vengeance can consistently be admitted.

The object of the war is to make permanently secure the peace and happiness of the whole country, and there was but a single element in the way of its attainment. This element of slavery may be considered practically destroyed in the country, and it needs only your proposed amendment of the Constitution to make its extinction complete.

With this extinction of slavery the party divisions created by it have also disappeared. And if in the history of the country there has ever been a time when the American people, without regard to one or another of the political divisions, were called upon to give solemnly their voice in a matter which involved the safety of the United States, it is assuredly the present time.

If the Convention at Baltimore will nominate any man whose past life justifies a well grounded confidence in his fidelity to our cardinal principles, there is no reason why there should be any division among the really patriotic men of the country. To any such I shall be most happy to give a cordial and active support.

My own decided preference is to aid in this way, and not to be myself a candidate. But if Mr. Lincoln should be re-nominated, as I believe it would be fatal to the country to endorse a policy and renew a power which has cost us the lives of thousands of men, and needlessly put the country on the road to bankruptcy, there will remain no alternative but to organize against him every element of considerations opposiing, with the view to prevent the misfortune of his re-election.

In this contingency I accept the nomination at Cleveland, and, as a preliminary step, I have resigned my commission in the army. This was a sacrifice it gave me pain to make; but I had for a long time fruitlessly endeavored to obtain service. I make this sacrifice now only to regain liberty of speech, and to leave nothing in the way of discharging to my utmost ability the task you have set for me.

With my earnest and sincere thanks for your expressions of confidence and regard, and for the many honorable terms in which you acquaint me with the action of the committee, I am, gentlemen, very respectfully and truly yours, J. C. FREMONT.

New York, June 8, 1864.

To Messrs. Worthington G. Snethen, of Maryland; Edward Gilbert, of New York; Caspar Buts, of Illinois; Chas. E. Moss, of Missouri; N. P. Sawyer, of Pennsylvania, a committee, &c.

An Atlanta correspondent says:

"Refugees in and around Atlanta are without number and looking perfectly at home, though many of them have nothing to subsist on."

Poor refugees! Unless they can get something to "subsist on" they will soon reach that "home" where war, extortion and avarice are not known. Atlanta is not the only place where refugees have "nothing to subsist on," and yet they grumble less at their sufferings than any class of the community.

The Salisbury *Watchman*, a paper that has fully gone over to the Destructives in its support of Vance, now not only justifies but applauds the suspension of the writ of *habeas corpus*.—The *Watchman* has lost all influence with the Conservatives, and henceforward will only be known as a Destructive organ.

The weather for the last day or two has been remarkably cool for June, but we hope that the crops will not be materially injured thereby.—Speaking of the crops, it gives us much pleasure to say that our exchanges from various sections represent the crops as promising.

SUPREME COURT.—The following applicants received licenses to practice in the County Courts:

James C. Gilmer, Surry County.
Edward Hines, Craven County.
William M. Coleman, Cabarrus County.
Albert M. Booser, South Carolina.

And the following in the Superior Courts:

Nicholas L. Williams, Yadkin County,
Joseph M. Morehead, Guilford County.
John C. Gilmer, Surry County.

Forty-two shots were fired at Charleston on Friday last, and the city is subjected to a light shelling almost every day, but we suppose but little or no damage is done.

THE GEORGIA FRONT.

[From the Confederacy of the 10th.]

THE MARIETTA FRONT.

The line of battle of the Army of Tennessee is about three miles north of Marietta, extending towards Lost Mountain.

It was reported by wagons persons who came down on last evening's train, that heavy skirmishing has begun along the lines. The firing was heard quite distinctly through the day.

It is possible the enemy is making a front demonstration, with a view to a resumption of the movement by flank, either to the right or left, probably the right.

Thirty-four Yankee prisoners reached here last evening.

HARRISON'S STATION, June 4th, 1864.

Everything has been comparatively quiet for the last few days.

Lieut. Reynolds, of the 51st Alabama, caught 19 Yankees between the enemy's cavalry and infantry—a bold trick. Lieut. Rice caught two and killed one. The prisoners represented every army corps but one, proving that Sherman's army, or a large portion of it, is massed on the railroad, and fearing to move on so strong positions as can be had along the base of the Kenesaw Mountain. They will undoubtedly move by the Roswell Factory road, flanking this ridge in order to find a good road to travel to Atlanta.

The prisoners say that the cars are running to Acworth, and that the bridge over the Etowah is finished.

Deserters that we have apprehended say that a great many are deserting and going home, especially those from East Tennessee.

Sherman played very "fine" in coming round Altoona Hills. He never expected to get on this side without a fight. Crossing at Douthit's or Conger's bridge he "snaked" his way round and to the south side of the hills, and you can now follow his trail to the railroad again, just where he wished to get. He quietly waits until his pioneer corps has finished the bridge over the Etowah, and when he gets sufficient supplies he will no doubt move again.

J. W. T.

WOUNDED NORTH CAROLINA SOLDIERS RECEIVED AT SEABROOK'S HOSPITAL, RICHMOND, VA.

MAY 30th, 1864.

J M Allen co B 34, A Chapman co A 16, G F Allen co F 6, A Cance co A 16, J E Burton co C 18, F Dowell co C 34, C R Blackley co G 47, N Davis co B 2, R W Bachelor co F 30, B H Dean co C 5, J H Bash co G 22, J Christopher co K 6, — Beeman co G 43, M Durham co G 45, F M Bradley co B 20, A Ellis co A 35, J Crouch co B 36, W Eddins co K 26, R Collins co K 18, G Ewell co F 2 cav, J H Colton, co D 1, R A Fry co C 26, D M Coleman co G 18, J I Frost co B 4, N R Coggins co F 44, W M Gilmore co M 21, G W Culberson co E 16, J H Galding, Pitt's artil, R A Cooper co G 6, J R Gormens co B 4, W Gampton co D 16, D D Gibbs co F 33, W J Hight co K 44, A Ryser co C 34, T Harris co H B, J W Lineberger co D 55, J Hughes co F 18, D McEntire co B 35, G Harlee co A 26, J C Moore co D 5 cav, G Hicks co H 33, J H McCaw co G 34, G W Hordon co E 26, R R Murphy, surg 16, J P Reneal co I 34, P V Osborne co F 45, L B Hatcheson co G 34, H J Pegram co M 21, J Hipps co G 34, J P Powell co D 2 cav, C Hamlet co B 30, N W Ray co D 6, M Isley co I 57, G Stoker co B 28, A R Johnson co I 26, — Tyler co B 53, J P Johnson co E 28, A J Tyler co I 57, J C Kenstin co K 18, A J Talley co F 45, M A Kimbson co I 34, J W Tant co G 14, J T Kitchen co B 4, E A Talbert co I 26, W R Kubberts co I 34, S Wilson co H 26, J J Wood co D 30, W T Wilkin co E 34, S H Walker co H 6, W C Warren co H 5, T J Werrack co A 30, O Wrenn co B 6 cav.

53D N. C. TROOPS.

The following is a list of the killed, wounded and missing in the 53d N. C. Regiment, from May 5th to June 3d:

Field and Staff—Killed—Maj Jas J Iredell, comd'g 2d N C Battalion. Wounded—Col Wm A Owens, hand and side slight. Missing—Sgt Maj Hampden Osborne.

Co A—Killed—Privs Cobb, Rankin, Jno Hoffines. Wounded—Capt J M Sutton flesh, arm, M S Whittington cheek, Robt Wilson fracture of forearm, Boston Baldwin neck, J C Clark shoulder, Sgt John A Tate shoulders, M V Apple knee, Thos S Commons fracture of leg, Corporal Henry Wooters hand, Thad Sheppard thigh, flesh, Daniel Hoffines finger amputated, Albert Ingle finger, Isaac Woodyard, head, Lewis Hoffines leg, also missing, J B Forbis hand, J Lowey arm, J A Moy hand, W M Phillippi hip. Missing—Geo Freeman, Eli York, Aleck Cobb.

Co B—Killed—Capt J H White, A A G. Wounded—Sgt B J Patterson leg amputated, A E Todd arm, J P Robinson finger amputated, W R Berryhill head, W C Clark thigh, F M Hoover foot, J H Wilson thigh fractured, A L Williamson jaw, Sylvester Catoe lip, W B Harry thigh amputated, J F Reid bowels, also missing, J W Taylor arm, D L Love head. Missing—Jones Engel, Lewis Leon, W T Darnell, Sgt H B Sample, S S Marks.

Co C—Killed—Sgt John Strain.

Co D—Killed—Privs J H Bowles, Quinney Pawl. Wounded—Privs H F Brindle arm, contusion, J N Smith arm, W Hutson head, W H Martin thigh amputated, Jas Morgan finger, Alex Combs breast, Saml Longworth arm, H W Marshall head slight. Missing—A J Longworth, Sgt John Pickard, Corp J M Tish, Jos D Jackson, W H Watson, L M Rominger, Thos S Fuller.

Co E—Killed—Capt R D Hill, Priv James Galyon. Wounded—Lieut James A Hill thigh, Privs John Z Cobbler head, Jeff Hodges back, also missing, James Tickle arm. Missing—Owens, Allen, D C Riddle, John Simpson, Tyre Simpson, H M Gravely, H Brown.

Co F—Killed—Lt S A Albright, Priv Job Evans. Wounded—Privates G W Isley leg, Julen Isley arm, Sgt H W Steel jaw and mouth, Jos A Pickett jaw, G W Shofner eye and face, G N Cheek foot, H Workman finger, Alvin Isley lip, D Isley thigh. Missing—Sgt E Mitchell, Daniel Smith.

Co G—Killed—Privates Wm Collins, C T Hall.—Wounded—W R Hundley hand, John Ellis head and hand, Corp D F Hall. Missing F M Amburn.

Co H—Killed—Priv J W Neal. Wounded—F M Baker hand, C Wall buttock, D Hall head, Corp E W Caller, shoulder, J Howell shoulder and lung, John Hutchins neck, W Smith buttock, John P Glidewell knee, Chas A Bennett wrist, Joe W Boone thigh, G A Boone breast, A G Sizemore leg. Missing—E R Jones.

Co I—Killed—Isaac Elliott, D M Little, R H Moore, J S Marsh. Wounded—W M Medlin, shoulder and head, S J Haney leg, Sergt D McCallum forearm, W S Eason thigh, Thos J Moore thigh, J W Bivens shoulder, Jas M Henry hand, J A Bivens arm amputated, J C Williams, Jr., leg, J H. Trull breast, R H Leonard foot amputated, G P Austin foot, E A Phifer thigh, Aaron Hinson arm, W A Griffin head. Missing—Tobias Helms also wounded severely, C M Garlee, A J Bass, Sergeant J C Trull, Franklin Griffin, Wm Strangban, John Single, Gabriel Collins, J N Collins.

Co K—Killed—Privs E H Bobbey, J W Bowman. Wounded—Capt J F Eller thigh, Sgt W H Boyd's leg and foot, Privs B F Whitaker leg, James Taylor shoulder, H H Eller hand, John H Bumgarner finger. Missing—G B McNeill, J F Norris, J K Nichols, C M Pryor, P L West.

RECAPITULATION.

	Killed.	Wounded.	Mis.
Field and Staff,	1	1	1
Co A,	2	18	8
Co B,	1	12	6
Co C,	1		
Co D,	2	8	7
Co E,	2	9	7
Co F,	2	9	2
Co G,	2	3	1
Co H,	2	13	1
Co I,	4	14	10
Co K,	2	6	5
Total	30	97	48
Grand Total,	180		

15TH N. C. REGIMENT.

HEADQ'RS 15TH REGT N. C. T.,
In the field, June 5th, 1864.

The following is a complete list of casualties in the 15th Reg't N. C. Troops, Cooke's Brigade, commanded by Col. Wm. McRae, in the engagements of May 5th, 6th, 10th, 12th, 23d, and June 1st, 2d and 3d, 1864:

Co A—Wounded—Privs J E Stephenson in head, E J Peele breast mortally, J W Pate face, E G Marks hand, J C Grant hip, J E Stephenson thigh, C J Johnson body. Missing—Priv E Phelps.

Co B—Killed—Corpl J H Forbes and priv W L Scott. Wounded—Sergt J B Long in neck, Corpl J B Sikes hand, Corpl J M Austin thigh, priv W W Alexander face, J E Doster arm severe, amputated, W G Long face, J H Little hand severe, W H Elmwood, J C Sikes head, C B Sikes finger, R E Summers finger.

Co B—Wounded—Privs J B Stegall in arm and thigh, S M Thompson hand, M J Waters arm severe, J W Benton severe, John McDonald arm amputated, J A Irby finger, J S Bickett head, J F McCorkle hand.

Co C—Killed—Privs A M Love and C Jacobs.—Wounded—Lt W B Hardin in head, Rodge J B Love severe, Corpl D G Blanton hand, priv B Barrett hand, W L Blanton head, J W Champion head severe, J E Hamrick arm, D H Hamrick shoulder, M Hamrick foot severe, P G Hampshire knee, E Hunt arm, G W King foot severe, J C McCraw breast, C B Pannell leg, P R Sparks-temple, C B Simpson thigh severe, J R Ross head mortally, A J Sanders head, G M Biggerstaff hand severe, J M Gobble head.

Co D—Killed—Sergt J. A. Riggsbee and private Joseph Hatley. Wounded—Capt T C Counsel in hand, privs W Hatchcock thigh severely, W A Neal hip severely, L Hatley in arm, T B Marks in arm, W P Cook in hand, J G Barnett in hand, S R Webb in hand, E M Neal in hand, J A Wicks in hand, F M Riggsbee in face, J E Riggsbee in thigh, J Williamson in breast, G W Eubanks in arm, W P Cole in hip, W N Moore in hand, H A Mann in hip severely, J M Cole in hip, Corpl L C Black in hip severely. Missing—J W Riggsbee.

Co E—Killed—Priv Rufus R Moore. Wounded—Sergt W C Hare in breast, Corpl R Holden in arm, Corpl J B Day in thigh severely, priv W H Allen in hand severely, J R Card in side severely, L Bailey in hand, D Carvern in left arm severely, amputated, J H Frasier in shoulder severely, W H Gewick in hand, D Harris in shoulder severely, M C Holmes in arm, A L Jenkins in shoulder severely, W J Long in right arm severely, B G Morton in thigh, J J Wilder in side severely. Missing—J B Duke.

Co F—Wounded—Sergts G Sexton in thigh severely, A D Holland in arm, J B Hamrine in breast, Corpl G D Spence in side, priv J M Ballard in thigh, T H Barnes in head, J A Black in head, W A Colvelle in arm, J Q Gilbert in shoulder, F M Jordan in left arm severely, A Matthews in thigh, J McDougald in shoulder, J C Mary in arm, J A Mock in breast and arm severely, J A Nordon in breast severely, W H Hunt in knee, J Q Gilbert by shell, W H Hunt in hand severely, Sergt S Patterson eye, priv M Matthes neck severe, M R Shoaf leg, D C Hunt head mortally.

Co G—Killed—Priv Henry Allen. Wounded—Corpl H H Gilliam foot, privs W N Harris head severe, J R Harris arm, Sergt W C C Gupton head, W H Leonard hand severe, Corpl J H Longmire thigh, priv J S Oakley neck. Missing—Y G Smith.

Co H—Killed—Priv J W Harris. Wounded—Lt D S Thompson in shoulder, priv M C C Bradshaw hip severe, M P Roberts head, D M Garrett hand, A P Bryan breast, Wm Ray shoulder, H F Williams shoulder severe, H F Wilson face, Adam Wire shoulder.

Co I—Wounded—Lt B Y Hart arm, Sergt G N Cherry leg severe, amputated, J C Bass face, Corpl R F Ricks head, Corpl L Billups arm, privs W Black shoulder, J Collier leg, W Folcon arm, J Hardycock, W Hollowell shoulder, A Jarrell arm, H Pate head, A Waddell leg, W Worrell groin severe, Lt B Y Hart leg, priv J A Davis missing.

Co K—Killed—Priva M R Brown. Wounded—Lt H H Griffin neck severe, Sergt M B Pitt arm and knee, Sergt W C Fisher arm severe, Corpl R D Long hand, Corpl J R Womble leg severe, privs W Bartholomew hip and heel, J D Roseman shoulder, S O Davis shoulder, N H Fisher face and shoulder severe, Wm F Fradle arm, B Gay head, J Hill knee severe, R Hinkle side and shoulder, John G Jordan knee, D Koonts back, J Long neck, very slight, D D Leonard in face, Daniel Leonard in leg, E J Moore in arm, D D Moore in face severely, Henry Martin in shoulder, J W T Milton in hand severely, J D Neal in hand, S Robins in side severely, G W Thomas in arm, J Whitley in head, J E Young in arm severely, W H Handin in leg, Benj Gay in head. Missing—H H Huntley, J A Hyatt and J Long.

RECAPITULATION.

	Officers.	Men.
Killed,	0	10
Wounded,	5	158
Missing,	0	8
Total,	5	176

Last Friday was observed as a day of fasting, humiliation and prayer by the people of Atlanta.

The militia around Augusta have been called out to repel an expected raid on that city.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WOOL NOTICE.

QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT,
Raleigh, June 9, 1864.

I AM NOW PREPARED TO EXCHANGE COTTON Yarn, for Wool, upon the following terms, viz:

One bunch of Yarn for three pounds washed Wool, and one bunch for four pounds unwashed.

Agents have been appointed to make the exchange at the following places: Oxford, Tarboro', Kinston, Catherine Lake, Concord, Rockingham, Hendersonville, Statesville, Roxboro', Asheville, Pittsboro', Louisburg, Fayetteville, Colerain, and at this place.

Persons shipping wool to this place will please mark on the packages who they are from, and the cotton yarn will be forwarded immediately.

I hope the people will patriotically respond to the above notice, as the Wool is for clothing the N. C. Troops.

H. A. DOWD, A. Q. M., N. C. A.

June 14-dawljuly

The papers in the State will please copy until July 1st, and forward accounts to this office.

FINE BLACK TEA

FOR SALE AT THE DRUG STORE OF WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD. June 14-1w